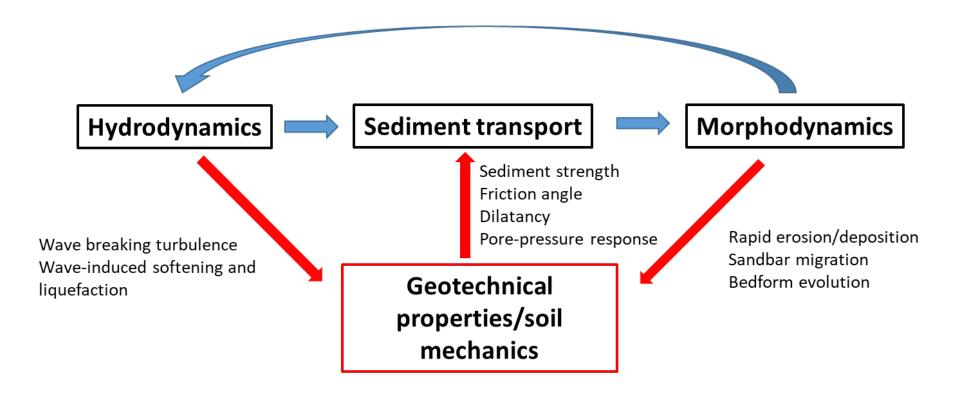
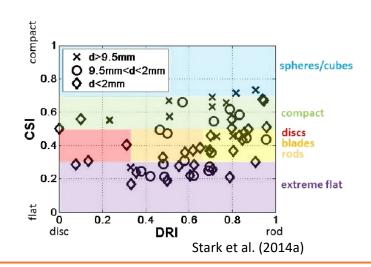


#### The role of geotechnical properties on beach dynamics and erosion

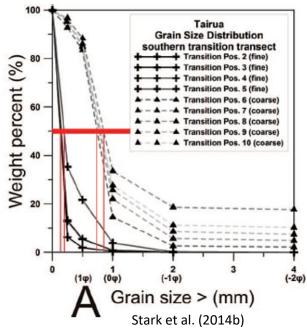


#### **Textural properties**

- Grain size
- Grain shape
- Bulk density
- Void ratio/porosity
- Moisture content/saturation



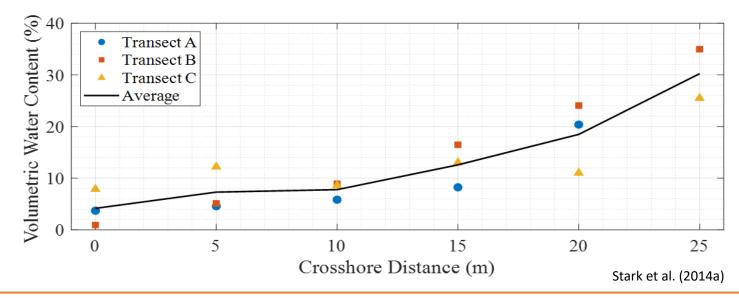




#### **Textural properties**

- Grain size
- Grain shape
- Bulk density
- Void ratio/porosity
- Moisture content/saturation



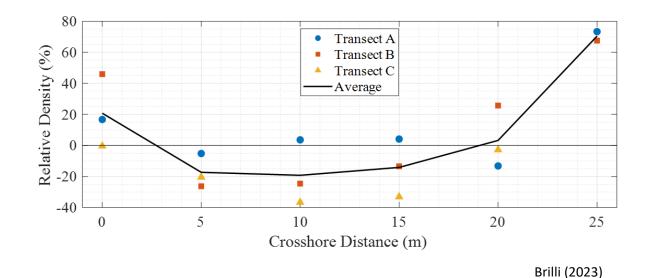




#### **Textural properties**

- Grain size
- Grain shape
- Bulk density
- Void ratio/porosity
- Moisture content/saturation







### **Strength properties**

- Friction angle
- (Apparent) cohesion
- Bearing capacity

particle size distributions, particle shapes, packing

 $Shear\ Strength = Cohesion + Normal\ stress\ tan(Friction\ angle)$ 

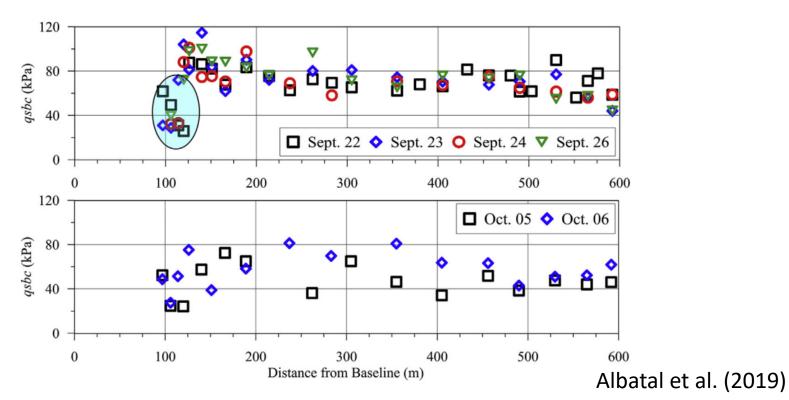
particle bonds through electrostatic forces, and others... most importantly here, also through partial saturation

sediment depth and type of sediment



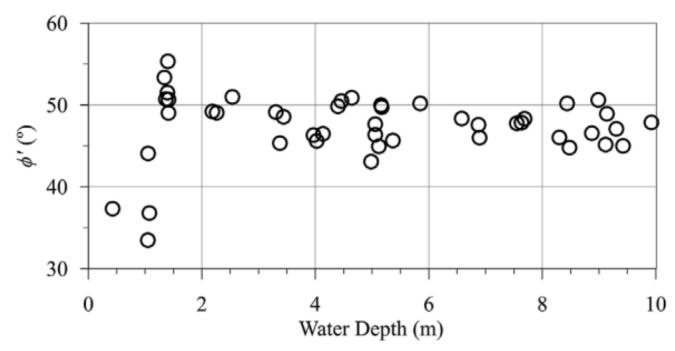
#### **Strength properties**

- Friction angle
- (Apparent) cohesion
- Bearing capacity



### **Strength properties**

- Friction angle
- (Apparent) cohesion
- Bearing capacity

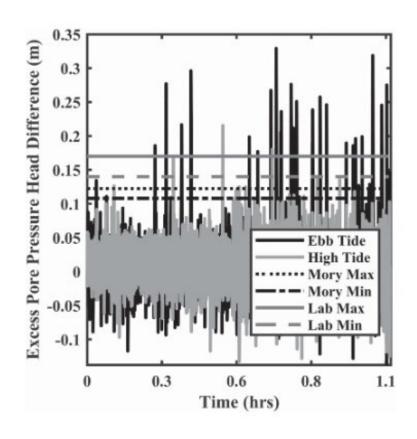


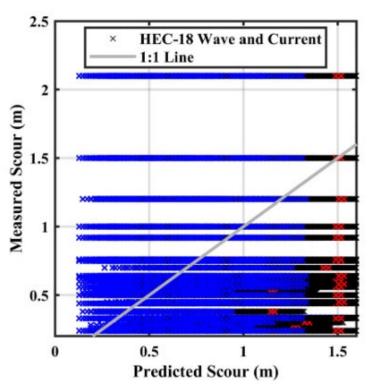
Albatal et al. (2019)



### Pore pressure behavior

Risk for momentary liquefaction



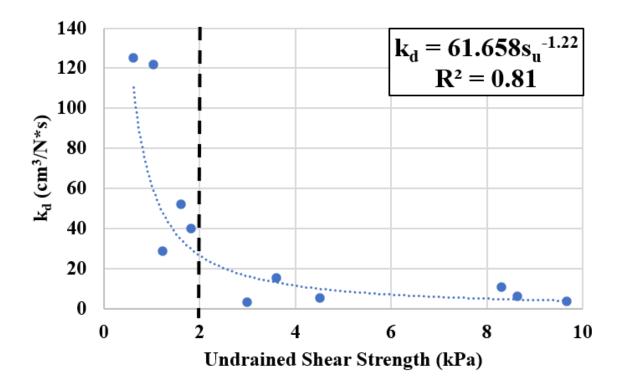


Florence et al. (2022)



#### **Correlation to erodibility**

#### **Geotechnical properties relate to erodibility parameters**

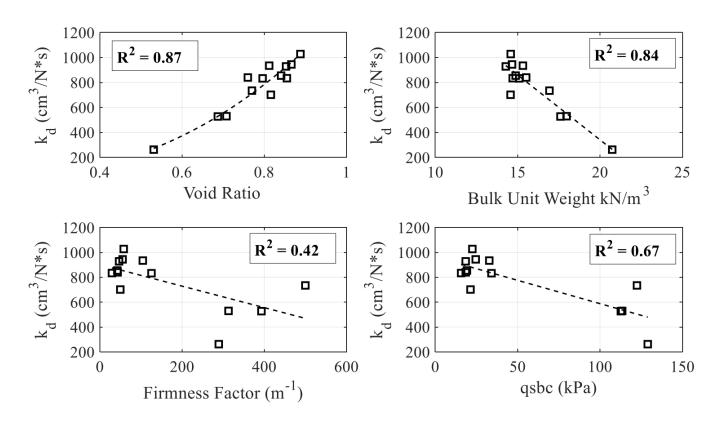


Brilli et al. (in prep.)



### **Correlation to erodibility**

#### **Geotechnical properties relate to erodibility parameters**

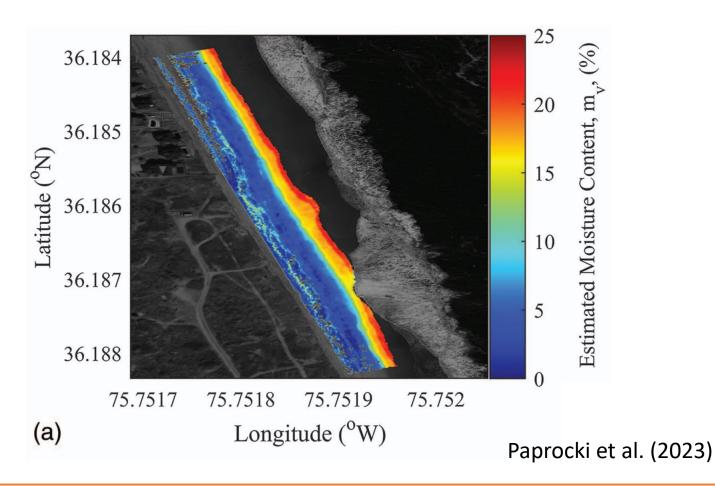


Brilli et al. (2024)



# **Mapping**

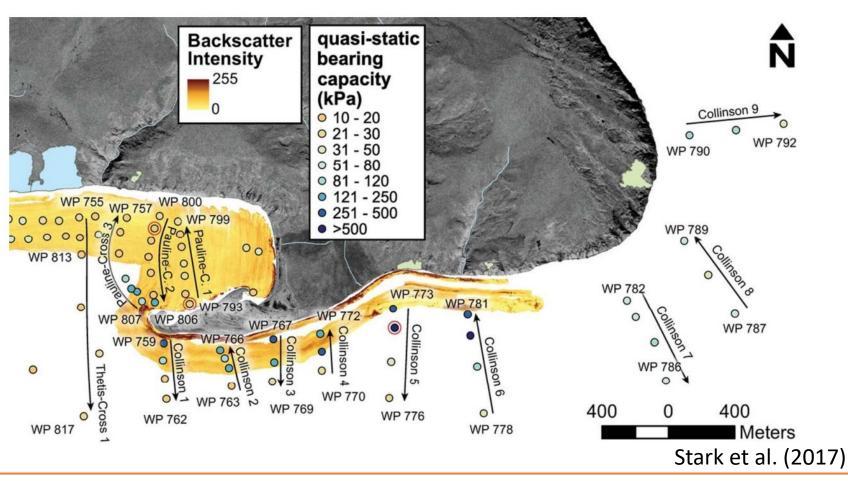
## Mapping from correlation between geotechnical properties and satellite imagery





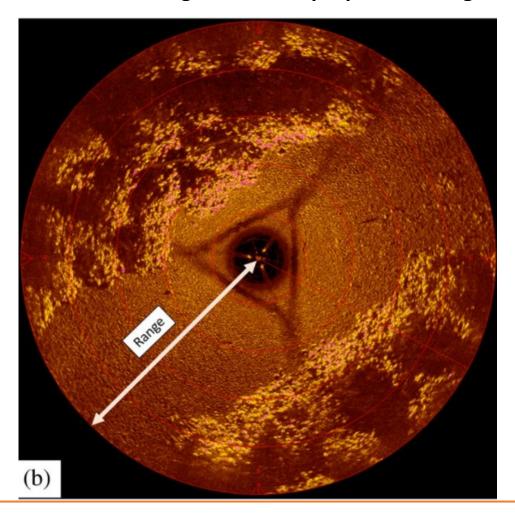
#### **Mapping**

## Mapping from correlation between geotechnical properties and geoacoustic surveying



# **Mapping**

# Mapping from correlation between geotechnical properties and geoacoustic surveying

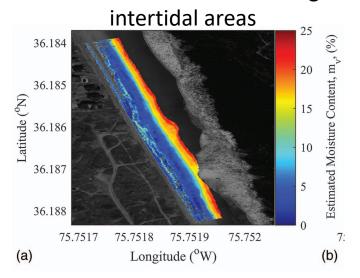


Smith et al. (2023)

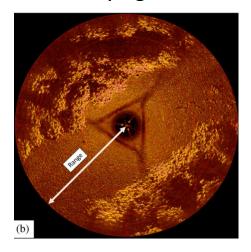


# Technical approach

# Satellite-based remote sensing of



# Geoacoustic surveying of subtidal areas



## Geotechnical in-situ testing and sampling



#### **Concluding remarks**

- Geotechnical properties of intertidal and nearshore sediments can reveal detailed information about sediment erodibility and recent sediment dynamics
- Novel in-situ testing methods enable time-and cost-efficient data collection
- Correlation between geotechnical testing and remotely sensed data enables mapping of geotechnical properties in general and to bathymetry and topography
- These information can offer detailed insights assisting with improved planning, erosion mitigation, engineering design, and management of coastal zones





Dr. Nina Stark

University of Florida, Engineering School of Sustainable Infrastructure and Environment <a href="mainto:nina.stark@essie.ufl.edu">nina.stark@essie.ufl.edu</a>; <a href="https://faculty.eng.ufl.edu/coastal-marine-geotechnics/">https://faculty.eng.ufl.edu/coastal-marine-geotechnics/</a>

X @ninastark18 LinkedIn: Nina Stark